FEDERAL COMMANACATIONS COMMISSION

Alaska Telephone Association

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James Rowe Executive Director

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

July 17, 1997

William F. Caton
Acting Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W.
Room 222
Washington, D.C. 20554

RE: CC Docket No. 96-45, Federal State Joint-Board on Universal Service, Petition for Reconsideration

Dear Mr. Caton:

The members of the Alaska Telephone Association respectfully offer some of their concerns regarding the FCC Order of May 8, 1997 in this docket.

Thank you for your attention.

Very Truly Yours,

James Rowe

No. of Copies rec'd

### Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

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In the Matter of	) )		TE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY
Federal-State Board on Universal Service	)	CC Docket No. 96-45	TO THE WAY OF THE PARTY OF THE

Petition for Reconsideration and Request for Clarification of the Alaska Telephone Association

The Alaska Telephone Association (ATA), a trade association representing 22 local exchange carriers in the State of Alaska, respectfully petitions the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to reconsider and clarify aspects of its <u>Report and Order</u>, released May 8, 1997.

### I. Interstate funding at 25 percent

The Report and Order proposes to fund high cost support mechanisms through a 25 percent interstate contribution to "the difference between the cost of service defined by the applicable forward-looking economic cost method less the national benchmark". The Telecommunications Act of 1996 clearly intended that universal service is a national policy and is to be funded by federal support mechanisms. Further, the Act specifically requires

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>CC Docket No. 96-45, Report and Order, FCC 97-157 (May 8, 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Report and Order, para. 833

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>See <u>Telecommunications Act of 1996</u>, §254(a)(1) which says in part, "including the definition of the services that are supported by Federal [emphasis added] universal service support mechanisms."

that such support shall be <u>sufficient</u>. Unquestionably, 25 percent of the requisite amount is insufficient!

The proposal constitutes a major reduction in universal service funding from the interstate jurisdiction which currently pays 100 percent of the loop costs in excess of 150 percent of the national average. A major portion of the revenue requirement is thus shifted to the intrastate jurisdiction. Rural states, with lower population and therefore smaller market bases, will be most effected. In Alaska, between 30 and 40 million dollars will be shifted to the intrastate jurisdiction. Requiring the State to fund an intrastate universal service fund of 30 to 40 million dollars will require a surcharge of between 8 and 10 dollars per month for every access line in the State. For at least 50 percent of the residential lines this will amount to a 100 percent local rate increase.

A plain reading of §254 is that the universal service fund (USF) will finance the cost of the new definition of universal service. The States are only required to fund an intrastate USF when the State imposes additional definitions and standards<sup>5</sup>. The effect of the failure of the interstate jurisdiction to fully fund universal service support will precipitate the failure of the policy of universal service by shifting such significant costs to the individual ratepayer in high cost areas that rates will not be affordable<sup>6</sup>. The impact of this cost shift (shortfall) on a number of Alaska companies is presented in Attachment A of this Petition.

### II. Limiting the amount of general and administrative overhead costs

The FCC has impaired the ability of incumbent local exchange carriers (LECs) to recover their full cost of operation by limiting a single class of expenses that may be included in universal service funding. Concerned with increasing expenses related to administration, planning and regulatory affairs, the FCC mistakenly concludes that these expenses have little to do with fostering universal service and attempts to cap them based on an average, per line formula. By its action the FCC fails to allow the full recovery of costs related to developing forward looking cost studies, pricing unbundled elements, justifying rural exemptions, planning for competition, and filing local rate cases which flow from the agency's orders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See <u>Telecommunications Act of 1996</u>, §254(e) which says in part, "Any such support should be explicit and sufficient to achieve the purposes of this section."

<sup>5</sup>ibid §254(f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>ibid, §254(b)(1) "Quality services should be available at just, reasonable, and affordable rates."

Although the FCC attempts to adjust its cap to recognize the impact on small carriers, a GVNW study indicates that only the relatively smaller carriers will experience USF reductions under the FCC's plan<sup>7</sup>. The clear intent of Congress to limit the burden on small, rural carriers and their customers is overlooked. Necessary costs, which are not recovered due to the FCC's cap, are shifted to local subscribers causing rates to rise to unaffordable levels.

### III. Continued indexed cap on the size of Universal Service Fund

The indexed cap on the size of the fund undermines the principles of universal service. It assumes that loop growth and changes in cost characteristics will be uniform throughout the whole country. It fails to take into account the diversity of the serving areas, differing regional growth rates, disparate cost of living indexes, and the occurrence of natural disasters of the country like floods in the Midwest, hurricanes along the gulf coast and earthquakes in Alaska and California that will impact the need for these funds. The only companies being kept whole are the ones that have cost and access line growth perfectly matched. It applies a proxy by substituting access line growth for actual cost. It ignores the fact that the cap was reached in the first quarter of 1997. It also creates an implicit subsidy for high cost support among the members of the pool. It is contrary to §254(e) of the Act and it will inhibit investment in infrastructure and local rate increases.

### IV. Portable USF

Portable USF cannot be implemented without driving up the costs to the incumbent's remaining subscribers. A competing carrier that enters an incumbent's serving area can take the universal service funding, which is based on the incumbent's cost, for every customer it (the competitor) captures. It denies an incumbent the ability to recover costs incurred in fulfilling a regulatory mandate (carrier of last resort); a takings issue. The costs cannot be specific for one carrier if they are based on another carrier's actual costs. The revenues cannot be sufficient if it is a zero sum game with multiple eligible carriers. This practice violates the Fifth Amendment of the Constitution and §254(b)(5) and §254(e) of the Act. Its effect is to create a competitive disadvantage and deficient revenues for incumbent LECs, set the stage for a potential default of billions of dollars in government loans, increase local rates, and jeopardize the continued provision of universal service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>GVNW Inc., Petition for Reconsideration, CC 96-45, Exhibit C.

### V. Dial Equipment Minutes (DEM) and Long Term Support (LTS) transferred to the USF pool

Costs recovered through the USF are incurred by the Local Exchange Carrier (LEC) 24 months prior to receiving revenue from the fund. DEM and LTS recovered through Access Charges are on a current basis. Under the new USF, a LEC that makes an investment in switching upgrades cannot get cost recovery for two years. This was done without regard for the size and scope of small companies, therefore there is no transition plan to cope with revenue short falls. There is no correlation between access line growth and DEM. Additionally, unless the indexed cap on USF is reinitialized for the increased costs of DEM and LTS, the fund will be inadequate. This is a violation of §254(b)(5) and §254(e) of the Act and its effect will be to inhibit investment in switching upgrades and create significant interim local rate increases.

### VI. Time Limit for State to Develop a Cost Characteristic Model

The Order requires a state to accept the FCC's model or declare by August 15, 1997 that it will develop a forward-looking cost study for use in setting federal support for nonrural companies. The ATA supports the position Alaska Public Utilities Commission on this issue.<sup>‡</sup> The FCC should not limit the time for a state to develop a model.

The Alaska Telephone Association respectfully requests reconsideration or clarification of the Report and Order as discussed in this Petition.

Respectfully submitted this 17th day of July 1997.

**Fames** Rowe

**Executive Director** 

Alaska Telephone Association

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907/563-4000 FAX 907/562-3776

Petition for Reconsideration and Request for Clarification of the Alaska Public Utilities Commission, CC Docket No. 96-45, p.2, 1.19 (July 15, 1997).

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# ARCTIC Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

•	
input Section	
1. Company Name	ARCTIC
2. NECA Study Aree Code	613001
3. Yotal Uneeperaind Revenue Requirement	3,866,428
4. Total Loops	2,279
5. Businees Loops	1,476
6. Residence Loops	588
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	745,797
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	755,487
9. Current Long Term Support	236,378
	e in the second of the second
New Support Competition	
Business Line Support	
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,692
2. Business Benchmark (\$61 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	1,080
4. Business Loops	1,476
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	1,594,313
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	398,578
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,892
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	<b>372</b>
9. Support per Loop	1,320
10. Residence Loops	588
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	776,253
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	194,063
13. Interstate support from new approach	592,642
Current Support	
14. Universal Service Revenues	745,797
15. DEM Weighting Support	755,487
16. Long Term Support	236,378
17. Total Current Support	1,737,062
Comparings of Support Mechanisms	
18. Total Current Support	1,737,662
19. Interstate support from new approach	592,642

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# 'Bristol Bay Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

•	
Input Section	
1. Company Name	"Briefol Bay
2. NECA Study Area Code	613003
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	2,334,323
4. Total Loops	1,974
5. Business Loops	963
6. Residence Loops	800
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	296,454
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	. 293,842
9. Current Long Term Support	189,351
New Support Computation	
Physics of the Chancel	
Business Line Support	4 400
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,183
2. Business Bunchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	571
4. Business Loops	963
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	<b>549,425</b>
6. Interatale Portion (25%)	137,366
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,183
8. Rosidence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	811
10. Residence Loops	. 886
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	728,670
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	182,165
iz. massaus i oro (corr)	
13. Interstate support from new approach	319,524
Current Support	
14. Universal Service Revenues	296,464
15. DEM Weighting Support	293,842
16. Long Term Support	189,351
17. Total Current Support	779,647
Comparison of Support Mactanians	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18. Total Current Support	779,647
19. Interstate support from new approach	319,524
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### BUSH-TELL Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

	•
Inguit Section	
1. Company Name	BUSH-TELL
2. NECA Stady Arma Code	613004
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	2,397,584
4. Total Loops	790
5. Bysiness Loops	345
6. Residence Loops	443
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	244.506
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	321.815
9. Current Long Term Support	248,034
New Support Computation	•
Business Line Support	·
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	3,035
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	2.423
4. Business Loops	345
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	835,905
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	208,977
Residence Line Support	
	2.025
7. Annual Cost Pur Loop	3,035
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	872
9. Support per Loop	2,063
10. Residence Loops	443
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	1,179,572
12. Intenstate Portion (25%)	294,918
13. Interstals support from new approach	503,895
Current Support	š
44 11- A Contro Description	
14. Universal Service Revenues	244,506
15. DEM Whighting Support	321,815
16. Long Term Support	248,034
17. Total Current Support	814,355
Comparison of Support Machanisms	•
18. Total Current Support	814.355
19. Interstate support from new approach	503,895

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### COPPER VALLEY Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

Innut Section	
1. Company Name	COPPER VALLEY
2. NECA Study Area Code	613006
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	7,427,968
4. Total Loops	5.533
5. Business Loops	2,486
6. Residence Loops	2,812
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	1,201,146
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	788,541
9. Current Long Term Support	756,053
And the second s	at a limba a lika in dipina mengangan yang kanan
New Support Computation	•
Susiness Line Support	
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,342
2. Breinees Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	<b>612</b> .
3. Support per Loop	790
4. Business Loops	2,465
5. Total Supported Naeded For Business Loops	1,801,371
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	450,343
Residence Line Support	
7. Appual Cost Per Loop	1,342
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	970
10. Residence Loops	2.612
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	2,534,901
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	633,725
	4 604 600
13. Intention support from new approach	1,084,068
	·• ÷ .
Current Support	
14. Universal Service Revenues	1,201,146
15. DEM Weighting Support	788.541
16. Long Term Support	756,063
to. Ling twittenphote	*******
17. Total Current Support	2,745,740
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20. Difference

18. Total Current Support

19. Interstate support from new approach

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# CORDOVA Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

Impat Section	
1. Company Name	CORDOVA
2. NECA Study Area Code	613007
3. Total Unexpended Revenue Requirement	1,850,383
4. Total Loops	2,058
5. Business Loops	804
6. Recidence Loops	1,057
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	206,156
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	272,220
9. Current Long Term-Support	129,768
New Support Computation	nger og er er
Business Line Support	
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	<b>808</b> -
2. Sueinees Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	287
4. Business Loops	804
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	230,834
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	57,700
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	806
8. Residence Bunchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	527
10. Residence Loops	1,057
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	557,153
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	139,286
12. Americania Fortura (2070)	130,250
13. Interstate support from new approach	196,997
•	
Current Support	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	,
14. Universal Service Revenues	208,158
15. DEM Weighting Support	<b>272,220</b>
16. Long Term Support	129,768
17. Total Current Support	610,144
Comparison of Support Machanisms	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
40. 7.440	
18. Total Current Support	610,144
19. Interstate support from new approach	196,997

### INTERIOR Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

nout Section	
1. Company Name	INTERIOR
2. NECA Study Area Code	613011
3. Total Unesperated Revenue Requirement	8,252,766
4. Total Loops	4,297
5. Business Loops	2.172
6. Residence Loops	2,009
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	1,081,978
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	985,974
9. Comment Long Term Support	780 068

Herr Support Computation	
Business Line Support	
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,921
2. Business Benchmark (\$61 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	1,309
4. Business Loops	2,172.
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	2,842.252
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	710,583
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,921
8. Residence Banchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	·· 1,549
10. Regidence Loops	2,009
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	3,111,113
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	777.778
13. Interstate support from new approach	1,488,341
Corrent Support	•
14. Universal Service Revenues	1,081,978
15. DEM Weighting Support	965,974
16. Long Term Support	789,968
17. Total Current Support	2,797,920
Comparison of Support Herbeniums	,
18. Total Current Support	2,797,920
19. Interstate support from new approach	1,488,341
20. Difference	1,309,579
	•

Pethion for Reconsideration, CC Docket No. 96-45 Alaska Telephone Association Attachment A

### **KPU** Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

est Section	
1. Company Name	KPU
2. NECA Study Area Code	613013
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	6,816,426
4. Total Loops	10,516
5. Business Loops	4,040
6. Residence Loops	6,002
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	337,526
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	972 <i>,27</i> 5
9. Current Long Term Support	273,331

Mear Support Computation	•
Buelness Line Support	
1. Arexael Cost Per Loop	648
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	36
4. Businees Loops	4,040
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	146,231
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	36,558
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	648
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	276
10. Residence Loops	6,002
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	1,867,727
12_ Interstate Portion (25%)	414,432
13. Interstate expport from new approach	460,989
Current Support	
14. Universal Service Revenues	337,526
15. DEM Weighting Support	972,275
16. Long Term Support	273,331
17. Total Current Support	1,583,132

18. Total Current Support	1,583,132
19. Interstate support from new approach	460,989
44 705	1 192 143

Pethion for Reconsideration, CC Docket No. 96-45 Alaska Telephone Association

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# MUKLUK Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

inout Section	
1. Company Name	MUKLUK
2. NECA Study Area Code	613016
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	2,282,393
4. Total Locos	1,040
5. Business Loops	437
6. Residence Loops	603
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	502,175
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	
	236,368
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New Support Computation	•
Business Line Support	•
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	2,195
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	1,583
4. Business Loops	437
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	691,600
6. Interetate Portion (25%)	172,900
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	2,195
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	1,823
10. Residence Loops	603
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	1,009,033
12. Interstate Portion (29%)	274,758
13. Interstate support from new approach	447,658
Current Support	<b>;</b> .
14. Universal Service Revenues	502,175
15. DEM Weighting Support	285,302
	238.368
16. Long Term Support	
17. Total Current Support	1,023,845
Comparison of Support Machanisms	•
18. Total Current Support	1,023,845
19. Interstate support from new approach	447,058

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### NUSHAGAK Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

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1. Company Name	NUSHAGAK
2. NECA Skudy Area Code	613018
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	1,929,423
4. Total Loops	2,267
5. Business Loops	1,023
5. Residence Loops	1,144
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	315,386
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	196,596
9. Current Long Term Support	164,861

### **New Support Computation**

#### **Surinces Line Support**

1. Annual Cost Per Loop	851
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	239
4. Business Loops	1,023
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	244,590
6. luterstate Portion (25%)	61,147

#### Residence Line Support

7. Annual Cost Per Loop	<b>86</b> 1
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	479
10. Residence Loops	1,144
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	548,080
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	137,020
42 Intentate connect from new sammers	198 167

### **Connect Support**

14. Universal Service Revenues 15. DEM Weighting Support 16. Long Term Support	315,386 186,886 164,861
17. Total Current Support	646,833

#### Comparison of Support Machanitate

	Total Current Support Interstate support from new approach	646,833 198,167
20.	Difference	448,666

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### OTZ

### Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

Forward Looking USF Procedures	+ <b>1</b>
Input Session	
1. Company Name	OTZ
2. NECA Study Area Code	613019
3. Total Unseparated Revenue Requirement	3,388,378
4. Total Loops	3,044
5. Business Loops	1,310
6. Residence Loops	1,595
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	166,349
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	<b>573,56</b> 1
9. Current Long Term Support	
State of the state	and the second s
New Support Computation	:
Business Line Support	•
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,113
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loop	501
4. Businest Loops	1,310
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	655,485
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	164,121
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,113
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	372
9. Support per Loop	741
10. Residence Loops	1,595
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	1,182,108
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	295,527
13. Interetate support from new approach	459,648

### **Current Support**

14. Universal Service Revenues 15. DEM Weighling Support 16. Long Term Support	•	165,349 573,581 232,037

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### 17. Total Current Support 970,947

### Comparison of Support Machinistres

	, Total Current Support . Interstate support from new approach	970,947 459,64\$
26.	. Difference	511,299

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# YUKON Estimated Impact Forward Looking USF Procedures

Input Section	•
1. Company Name	YUKON
2. NECA Study Area Code	613025
3. Total Unexparated Revenue Requirement	929,415
4. Total Loops	471
5. Business Loops	223
6. Residence Loops	225
7. Current Universal Service Revenues	132,456
8. Current DEM Weighting Support	253,272
9. Current Long Term Support	76,023
Heat Support Gampulation	هو د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د
Business Line Support	
1. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,973
2. Business Benchmark (\$51 per Month)	612
3. Support per Loap	1,361
4. Business Loops	223
5. Total Supported Needed For Business Loops	303,565
6. Interstate Portion (25%)	76,891
Residence Line Support	
7. Annual Cost Per Loop	1,973
8. Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Month)	<b>372</b>
9. Support per Loop	1,601
10. Residence Lonps	225
11. Total Supported Needed For Residence Loops	390.288
12. Interstate Portion (25%)	90,072
13. Interstate support from new approach	166,983
Current Support	
14. Universal Service Revenues .	132,456
15. DEM Weighting Support	253,272
16. Long Term Support	76,023
17. Total Current Support	461,751
A	

### **Comparison of Support Machanisms**

	Total Current Support from new approach	461,751 165,963
20.	Difference	296,788

### GTE Alaska USF Loop Cost

### Input detail collected from the 1996 State Access Charge Filing

ī	Total unseparated Revenue Requirement: PT 36.	10,689,203
÷	Divide by Total Loops IE. Mag Tel + Special Access	21,319
3	Equals total cost per loop.	501.39
	Business Lines:	
4	Cost per Loop from La.3	501.39
5	Minux Business Benchmark (\$51per Mo. Est.by PCC)annualized (\$51.00°12)	612.00
6	Ln 4 - Ln 5 equals support needed per business loop	-110.61
7	Number of business loops, Year End 1996	8060
8	Total support needed for business, Ln.6°Ln.7	(991,517)
9	Business loop support requirement times 25%, for Interstate Ln.8*25%	(222,879)
	Residence Lines:	قرض است الاستداد محمد الاستداد الاستد
10	Cost per Loop from Ln.3	501.39
11	Minus Residence Benchmark (\$31 per Mo. Est.by PCC)annualized (\$31.00°12)	372.00
12	Ln 10 - Ln 11 equals support needed per residence loop	129.39
13	Number of residence loops, Year End 1996	9632
14	Total support needed for residence, Ln. 12°Lr. 13	1,246,284
15	Residence loop support requirement times 25%, for Intenstate Ln.14*25%	311,571
16	Total business and residence support needed, Ln. 9 + Ln.15:	88,692
<b>1:7</b>	1996 NECA CCL Settlement Pay in Amount	45,506

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# SUMMIT TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, DIC. ESTIMATED EFFECTS OF USF CAP & LOSS OF WEIGHTING. For the Test Year Ended December 31, 1985

Remainder to be obtained from State USF	25% - Amount from Interstate Fund	Total support needed for Business	Business Loop  Number of Business Loops	Support needed for each	Minus Business	Support per Business Loop Total Cost Per Loop	Total Cost Per Loup	Total Revenue Requirements Total Loops
113.780	37.764	181 DEA	3,357	g K	}	3,989	3,969	456,408 116

257% - Afrount from Interstate Fund Remainder to be obtained from State USF	Total Support needed for Residence	Residence Loops Number of Residence Loops	(\$31 per Loop) Support needed for each	Total Cost Per Loop Minus Residence Benchmark	Support for Residence Lines
178,040	237,387	3, <b>597</b> 66	372	3,969	

178,040	237,3 <b>67</b> 59,347	8

Total 25% Business & Residence Interstate Support from new approach
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97,111

	77.770	20,023	201 7C!
248,998			

Current Support
Universal Service Revenues
DEM Weighting Support
Long Term Support
Total Current Support

Total Current Support	Comparison of Support Mechanisa	

3	
97,111	249,908

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282	

EXCLUDING EFFECTS OF GAA LIMITATION	

Loops

	26'0E 88'92	0.23	27.12	<b>1</b>	3
3,556.20 42,674 88.885					1st ORDER
9,505.90 114,071 186.695			82.88	8,266 9,505.00	New 7/10/97 USF Order

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